

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

The following listing of claims replaces all prior listings, and all prior versions, of claims in the application.

**LISTING OF CLAIMS:**

1. - 5. (Cancelled)

6. (Currently Amended) An ultrasonic imaging device for transmitting/receiving ultrasonic pulse to/from a living body in which microbubbles for contrast are introduced, and forming a contrast image of the inside of the living body, comprising:

a transmit beamformer for generating a transmit pulse, said transmit beamformer including a D/A converter and a non-linear amplifier;

a receive beamformer for generating a time-series reception echo signal with adding receive signals, to each of which a delay time is given for generating receiving sensitivity having directivity;

an adder for summing the time-series reception echo signals; and

a transmit/receive sequence controller for controlling the transmit beamformer and the receive beamformer;

wherein in the in a first sequence, the transmit/receive sequence controller controls the transmit beamformer and the receive beamformer to perform transmitting/receiving operations N times (N= an integer of three or greater) by controlling a sampling frequency of the transmit pulse being an integer-multiple of N of 3 with respect to a central frequency of frequency components of the transmit pulse, and N pieces of transmission pulse waves having a common envelope signal

and different waveforms under a transmission/reception wave focus condition, and controlling carrier waves of the transmission pulse waves so as to vary in phase by  $360^\circ/N$  from one wave to a next wave, and receiving returned ultrasonic waves as  $N$  pieces of the time-series reception echo signals; and

wherein said adder sums the  $N$  pieces of the time-series reception echo signals so as to output an output signal as a signal indicative of a spatial distribution of the microbubbles.

7. (Currently Amended) The system ultrasonic imaging device according to claim 6, wherein ~~the transmit beamformer includes a D/A converter, and a sampling frequency of an output signal of the D/A converter is an integer-multiple of  $N$  of 3~~ with respect to the central frequency of frequency components of the transmit pulse.

8. (Previously Presented) The ultrasonic imaging device according to claim 6, wherein the transmit pulse wave has a waveform formed by summing a fundamental wave and the second-order harmonics associated with the fundamental wave.

9. (Previously Presented) The ultrasonic imaging device according to claim 6, wherein the transmit/receive sequence controller controls imaging with selectively changing the first sequence and the second sequence of performing transmitting/receiving operations twice by controlling transmission pulse waves having a common envelope signal under a transmission/reception wave focus condition, and controlling carrier waves of the transmission pulse waves different in phase by 180 degree from each other, and receiving returned ultrasonic waves as

two of the time-series reception echo signals, and said adder sums two of the time-series reception echo signals so as to output an output signal as a signal indicative of a spatial distribution of the microbubbles.

10. (Previously Presented) The ultrasonic imaging system according to claim 9, wherein

the transmission amplitude in the first sequence is different from the transmission amplitude in the second sequence.

11. (Previously Presented) The ultrasonic imaging system according to claim 10, wherein

the transmission amplitude in the first sequence is larger than the transmission amplitude in the second sequence.

12. (Previously Presented) The ultrasonic imaging system according to claim 10, wherein

both of the output signals obtained in the first sequence and the second sequence are output together.